

SHOW ALL WORK FOR FULL CREDIT

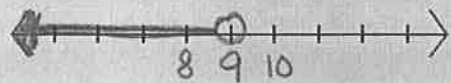
If the final answer is no solution or all real numbers be sure to write that!

Solve each inequality and graph the solutions.

$$1. \quad \begin{array}{r} 3x < 36 - x \\ +x \quad +x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x < 36}{4 \quad 4}$$

$$x < 9$$



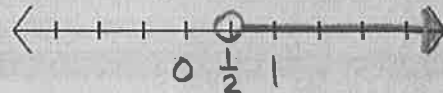
$$2. \quad -2(3r - 5) < 2(3r + 2)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6r + 10 < 6r + 4 \\ -6r \quad -6r \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-12r + 10 < 4}{-10 \quad -10}$$

$$\frac{-12r < -6}{-12 \quad -12}$$

$$r > \frac{1}{2}$$



$$3. \quad 2b + 2(3 - 3b) > b - 9$$

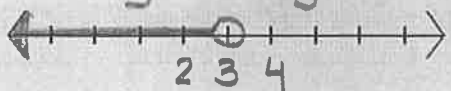
$$2b + 6 - 6b > b - 9$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4b + 6 > b - 9 \\ -b \quad -b \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-5b + 6 > -9}{-6 \quad -6}$$

$$\frac{-5b > -15}{-5 \quad -5}$$

$$b < 3$$



$$4. \quad 1 \leq -2w - 5 \leq 11$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +5 \quad +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{6 \leq -2w \leq 11}{-2 \quad -2 \quad -2}$$

$$-3 \geq w \geq -58$$

$$-58 \leq w \leq -3$$



$$5. \quad -2(4 - x) \leq 2(x - 2)$$

$$-8 + 2x \leq 2x - 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-8 \leq -4 \leftarrow \text{true}$$

All real #s
R



$$6. \quad x - 2 > 5 \text{ OR } 3 - 2x > -7$$

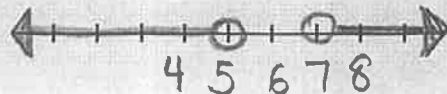
$$\begin{array}{r} +2 \quad +2 \quad -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x > 7 \text{ or } -2x > -10$$

$$\frac{-2x > -10}{-2 \quad -2}$$

$$x < 5$$

$x > 7$ or $x < 5$



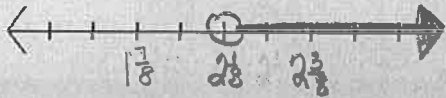
$$7. \left(\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{6}\right) > \left(\frac{5}{4}x\right) + 12$$

$$8x - 2 > 15$$

$$+2 \quad +2$$

$$\frac{8x}{8} > \frac{17}{8}$$

$$x > \frac{17}{8} \text{ or } 2\frac{1}{8}$$



$$8. 2 - (3r + 1) > 2(r + 6) + 1$$

$$2 - 3r - 1 > 2r + 12 + 1$$

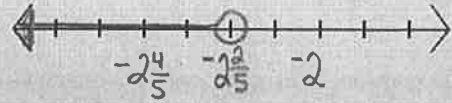
$$1 - 3r > 2r + 13$$

$$-2r \quad -2r$$

$$\frac{1 - 5r > 13}{-1 \quad -1}$$

$$\frac{-5r > 12}{-5 \quad -5}$$

$$r < -\frac{12}{5} \text{ or } -2\frac{4}{5}$$



$$9. 3y - 6 \geq 2(y + 7) + y$$

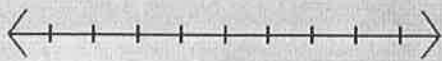
$$3y - 6 \geq 2y + 14 + y$$

$$3y - 6 \geq 3y + 14$$

$$-3y \quad -3y$$

$$-6 \geq 14 \leftarrow \text{false}$$

No solution



$$10. 8\left(\frac{1}{4}n + \frac{5}{8}\right) < \left(\frac{7}{2}n + 1\right) + 8$$

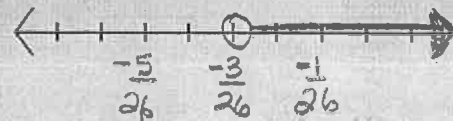
$$2n + 5 < 28n + 8$$

$$-28n \quad -28n$$

$$\frac{-26n + 5 < 8}{-5 \quad -5}$$

$$\frac{-26n < 3}{-26 \quad -26}$$

$$n > \frac{-3}{26}$$



$$11. -2 \leq \frac{n+2}{3} \leq 4 \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{-6 \leq n+2 \leq 12}{-2 \quad -2 \quad -2}$$

$$-8 \leq n \leq 10$$

$$12. 3a - 5 \leq -2 \text{ OR } 3a - 5 \geq 13$$

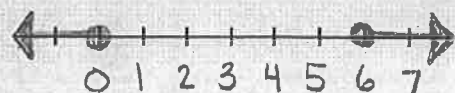
$$\frac{+5 \quad +5}{3a \leq 3}$$

$$\frac{3a \leq 3}{3 \quad 3}$$

$$\frac{+5 \quad +5}{3a \geq 18}$$

$$\frac{3a \geq 18}{3 \quad 3}$$

$$a \leq 1 \text{ OR } a \geq 6$$

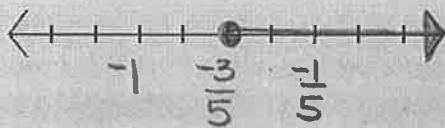


13. $-2s + 3 \geq -7s$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2s \quad +2s \\ \hline 3 \geq -5s \\ \frac{3}{-5} \geq \frac{-5s}{-5} \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{3}{5} \leq s$$

$$s \geq -\frac{3}{5}$$

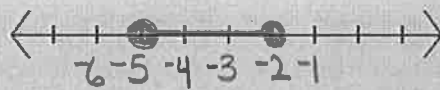


14. $3 \leq -2x - 1 \leq 9$

$$\begin{array}{r} +1 \quad +1 \quad +1 \\ \hline 4 \leq -2x \leq 10 \\ \frac{4}{-2} \quad \frac{-2x}{-2} \quad \frac{10}{-2} \end{array}$$

$$-2 \geq x \geq -5$$

$$-5 \leq x \leq -2$$



Solve each inequality. YOU DO NOT NEED TO GRAPH

15. $2x + 1 < 8x - 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8x \quad -8x \\ \hline -6x + 1 < -2 \\ \quad -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6x < -3 \\ \frac{-6x}{-6} < \frac{-3}{-6} \end{array}$$

$$x > \frac{1}{2}$$

16. $4(3p + 5) \geq -2p$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12p + 20 \geq -2p \\ +2p \quad +2p \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14p + 20 \geq 0 \\ -20 \quad -20 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{14p}{14} \geq \frac{-20}{14}$$

$$p \geq \frac{10}{7}$$

17. $-12 \leq \frac{n+2}{3} \leq 4$

$$\begin{array}{r} -36 \leq n+2 \leq 12 \\ -2 \quad -2 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$-38 \leq n \leq 10$$

18. $3a - 5 \leq -2$ OR $3a - 5 \geq 13$

$$\begin{array}{r} +5 \quad +5 \quad +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline 3a \leq 3 \quad 3a \geq 18 \\ \frac{3a}{3} \quad \frac{3a}{3} \quad \frac{18}{3} \quad \frac{18}{3} \end{array}$$

$$a \leq 1 \text{ OR } a \geq 6$$

19. $2a + 10 \leq 2(-2a + 3) + 6a$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2a + 10 \leq -4a + 6 + 6a \\ 2a + 10 \leq 2a + 6 \\ \hline -2a \quad -2a \\ \hline 10 \leq 6 \leftarrow \text{false} \end{array}$$

No solution

21. $5(n - 2) < 4(2n + 6) + 2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5n - 10 < 8n + 24 + 2 \\ 5n - 10 < 8n + 26 \\ \hline -8n \quad -8n \\ \hline -3n - 10 < 26 \\ \hline +10 \quad +10 \\ \hline -3n < 36 \\ \hline -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline n > -12 \end{array}$$

$n > -12$

23. $5b + 20 > -2 + 3b$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5b + 20 > -2 + 3b \\ \hline -3b \quad -3b \\ \hline 2b + 20 > -2 \\ \hline -20 \quad -20 \\ \hline 2b > -22 \\ \hline 2 \quad 2 \\ \hline b > -11 \end{array}$$

$b > -11$

20. $6(k - 5) > 3k - 26$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6k - 30 > 3k - 26 \\ \hline -3k \quad -3k \\ \hline 3k - 30 > -26 \\ \hline +30 \quad +30 \\ \hline 3k > 4 \\ \hline \frac{3k}{3} > \frac{4}{3} \end{array}$$

$k > \frac{4}{3}$

22. $3\left(\frac{2}{3}y + 6\right) < \left(\frac{2}{3}y - 6\right)3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y + 18 < 2y - 18 \\ \hline -2y \quad -2y \\ \hline 18 < -18 \leftarrow \text{false} \end{array}$$

No solution

24. $-z + 20 > z + 20$

$$\begin{array}{r} -z + 20 > z + 20 \\ \hline -z \quad -z \\ \hline -2z + 20 > 20 \\ \hline -20 \quad -20 \\ \hline -2z > 0 \\ \hline -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline z < 0 \end{array}$$

$z < 0$

32. The Home Cleaning Company charges \$312 to power-wash the siding of a house plus \$12 for each window. Power Clean charges \$36 per window, and the price includes power-washing the siding. How many windows must a house have in order to make the total cost from the Home Cleaning Company less expensive than Power Clean?

let $w = \#$ windows

Home Cleaning Co < Power Clean

$$\begin{array}{r} 312 + 12w < 36w \\ -12w \quad -12w \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{312}{24} < \frac{24w}{24}$$

$$13 < w$$

$$w > 13$$

Home Cleaning is the better deal when there is more than 13 windows.

33. The school band will sell pizzas to raise money for new uniforms. The supplier charges \$100 plus \$4 per pizza. If the band members sell the pizzas for \$7 each, how many pizzas will they have to sell to make it a profit?

let $p = \#$ pizzas

Supplier < band

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 + 4p < 7p \\ -4p \quad -4p \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\frac{100}{3} < \frac{3p}{3}$$

$$33.\bar{3} < p$$

$$p > 33.\bar{3}$$

The band needs to sell 34 or more pizzas to make a profit (*more than 33)

34. A typical acoustic guitar has a range of three octaves. When the guitar is tuned to concert pitch, the range of frequencies for those three octaves is between 82.4 Hz and 659.2 Hz inclusive. Write a compound inequality to show the frequencies that are within the range of a typical acoustic guitar.

$$82.4 \leq x \leq 659.2$$

