

**Example 1: Look for like *groups* and factor them out!**

$$a) 3x(\underline{x-3}) + 5(\underline{x-3})$$

$$(x-3)(3x+5)$$

$$b) 9x(\cancel{x-4}) - 5(\cancel{x-4})$$

$$(\cancel{x-4})(9x-5)$$

$$c) 2(t^2 + 1) + 3t(t^2 + 1)$$

$$(t^2+1)(2+3t)$$

$$d) -2y(y^2 + 1) + 1(y^2 + 1)$$

$$(y^2+1)(-2y+1)$$

one in front

$$e) 7x(2x+3) + (2x+3)$$

$$(2x+3)(7x+1)$$

$$f) 5z(5z^2 - 2) - 2(5z^2 - 2)$$

$$(5z^2-2)(5z-2)$$

**Try it!**

$$1. -3x^2(x+2) + 4(x+2)$$

$$(x+2)(-3x^2+4)$$

$$2. 4x(x^2 - 3) + (x^2 - 3)$$

$$(x^2-3)(4x+1)$$

If there are 4 terms, factor by grouping.

- 1) Group the first two terms and the second two terms.
- 2) Factor the GCF from both groups.
- 3) One factor is the common factor and the other factor is the leftover.

**Example 2: Group first, then factor out like groups.**

$$a) \frac{6y^4}{2y^3} - \frac{4y^3}{2y^3} + \frac{12y}{4} - \frac{8}{4}$$

$$2y^3(3y-2) + 4(3y-2)$$

$$(3y-2)(2y^3+4)$$

$$b) \frac{5x^3}{5x^2} - \frac{15x^2}{5x^2} + \frac{x}{1} - \frac{3}{1}$$

$$5x^2(x-3) + 1(x-3)$$

$$(x-3)(5x^2+1)$$

$$c) \frac{6z^3}{2z^2} + \frac{8z^2}{2z^2} - \frac{9z}{-3} - \frac{12}{-3}$$

$$2z^2(3z+4) - 3(3z+4)$$

$$(2z^2-3)(3z+4)$$

$$d) \frac{4h^3}{4h} + \frac{24h}{4h} + \frac{h^2}{1} + \frac{6}{1}$$

$$4h(h^2+6) + 1(h^2+6)$$

$$(h^2+6)(4h+1)$$

$$e) \frac{10uv}{5u} + \frac{35u}{5u} - \frac{12v}{-6} - \frac{42}{-6}$$

$$5u(2v+7) - 6(2v+7)$$

$$(2v+7)(5u-6)$$

$$f) \frac{2y^3}{y^2} - \frac{y^2}{y^2} - \frac{6y}{-3} + \frac{3}{-3}$$

$$y^2(2y-1) - 3(2y-1)$$

$$(2y-1)(y^2-3)$$

Try it!

$$1. \frac{2x^3}{2x^2} + \frac{x^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6x}{-3} - \frac{3}{-3}$$

$$x^2(2x+1) - 3(2x+1)$$

$$(x^2-3)(2x+1)$$

$$2. \frac{v^3}{v^2} - \frac{2v^2}{v^2} + \frac{7v}{7} - \frac{14}{7}$$

$$v^2(v-2) + 7(v-2)$$

$$(v^2+7)(v-2)$$